

52857W/32

C03

BOND/ 07.11.73

C10-D1, C11-C, C12-M4, C12-N3.

BOND H I

*G8 1402-404

4

36

07.11.73-G8-051589 (06.08.75) A01n-17

Domed baiting trap for slugs and snails - with restricted outflow water reservoir for activating formaldehyde bait

A baiting trap for garden slugs and snails consists of a dome (16) with a scalloped access edge (22) for the molluscs. Water in limited amount to render the bait (20) effective is supplied through orifices (44) at the bottom of a reservoir (32) fixed centrally in the dome. The water may be charged into the reservoir either by opening a liftable cap (26) or by penetration if rain or normal sprayed hose water through openings (40, 42) at the top of the reservoir.

USE

For bait e.g. of formaldehyde base which needs water only in critical amt. to activate it without leaching out the base.

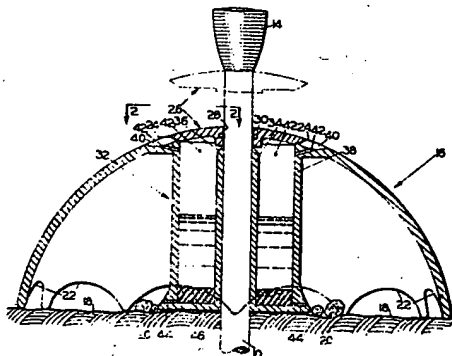
ADVANTAGES

The trap makes the best use of the bait and shields it from small children and pets. The trap can be made a decorative feature e.g. from colouring and shape.

DETAILS

The trap is secured to the ground by a headed post (10)

slidably fitted in a central sleeve (34) in the reservoir. The cap (26) slides on the post and has a seal ring (30). The bottom of the reservoir may be lined with foam or sponge material (46) to restrict outflow, or wicks may be inserted in the orifices (44). The rain or spray openings consist of a ring of recesses (40) with drain orifices (42) connecting them with the reservoir. (5 pp.).



52857W

Best Available Copy

This Page Blank (uspto)

AUG - 1975

PATENT SPECIFICATION (11)

1 402 404

1 402 404

(21) Application No. 51589/73

(22) Filed 7 Nov. 1973

(19)

(44) Complete Specification published 6 Aug. 1975

(51) INT. CL.² A01N 17/00

(52) Index at acceptance

AIM 10A 12

GREAT BRITAIN
GROUP 323
CLASS 43
RECORDED



(54) IMPROVEMENTS RELATING TO BAIT STATIONS

(71) I, HELEN INEZ BOND, of Route 1, Box 681, Washougal, State of Washington 98671, United States of America, a citizen of the United States of America, do hereby declare the invention, for which I pray that a patent may be granted to me, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:—

This invention relates to bait stations for molluscs. It pertains particularly to a bait station serving the dual functions of presenting bait in a continuously active condition to slugs and snails while protecting the bait from inadvertent consumption by children and their pets.

In the control of slugs and snails by the use of poison bait, two basic problems are present.

First, since the bait is highly toxic, the bait should be made accessible to the slugs and snails but shielded from inadvertent consumption by children and their pets.

Second, most slug and snail baits contain formaldehyde as an active ingredient. For maximum efficiency, the formaldehyde must be exposed to water in critical amount. Enough moisture must be present to render the bait active. On the other hand, if too much water is present, it washes out the water-soluble formaldehyde and renders the bait useless.

It accordingly is the general purpose of the present invention to provide a bait station for molluscs, particularly slugs and snails, which makes the bait readily accessible to the molluscs but shields it from children.

It is a further object of the present invention to provide a bait station for slugs, snails and other molluscs which is provided with means for exposing the bait to water in the optimum amount for activating the bait without leaching the active principle therefrom.

Still another object of the invention is the provision of a bait station for slugs, snails and other creatures which is easily used, attractive in appearance, of moderate cost, and highly efficient in its operation. Accordingly the present invention provides

[Price 33p]

in a bait station for slugs, snails and the like comprising

(a) a protective hollow shield having an irregular peripheral margin facing the ground and providing openings therebetween large enough to pass slugs, snails and other molluscs attracted by bait placed on the ground area underlying the shield, and

(b) a water reservoir secured to the shield and extending downward centrally within the shield, the reservoir having water outlet passageway means there-through adjacent its lower end for dispensing water therefrom in a restricted flow sufficient to activate the bait but insufficient to destroy its effectiveness,

(c) the shield having water inlet passageway means therethrough communicating with the reservoir for filling water into the latter.

The present invention also provides a bait station for slugs, snails and the like, comprising:

(a) a support post means,

(b) a protective shield supported on the post means,

(c) the shield when supported by the post means being adapted to overlie a ground area having placed thereon a pre-determined pattern of bait,

(d) at least some segments of the peripheral margin of the shield being spaced from the ground sufficiently to permit entrance and egress of slugs, snails and other molluscs attracted by the bait,

(e) a water reservoir means having an upper opening for filling water and lower drain openings for dispensing the water in a restricted flow sufficiently to activate the bait but insufficient to destroy its effectiveness, and

(f) water trap means in the top of the shield designed to trap rain and sprinkler water, and duct means interconnecting the trap means and reservoir means.

The invention is further described herein-after, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Fig. 1 is a sectional view of one embodiment of a bait station, constructed in accordance with the present invention, illustrated in its operative position;

Fig. 2 is a detail plan view of the bait station, looking in the direction of the arrows of line 2—2 of Fig. 1; and

Fig. 3 is a fragmentary sectional view illustrating a modification of the bait station of Fig. 1.

The bait station is intended primarily as a station for presenting poisoned bait pellets to slugs and snails. However, in view of its design and manner of functioning, it may be employed broadly for presenting food or poison bait to be eaten selectively by small creatures while barring access to the food or bait to larger creatures.

In its broad concept, the bait station comprises a central support post mounting a shield or canopy. This shield is adapted to overlie a ground area having the food or bait placed thereon in a predetermined pattern. Peripheral openings are provided in the shield. These are sized to permit access by slugs or other small creatures while barring larger animals. A water reservoir is associated with the canopy and post. It is arranged in such a manner as to collect rain and sprinkler water and dispense it in a restricted flow to the ground area beneath the shield as required to activate the bait.

Considering the foregoing in greater detail and with particular reference to the drawings:

As is illustrated in Fig. 1, the bait station is mounted on a central post 10. This preferably is in the form of a stake having a pointed end 12 and a handle 14. The stake is of reasonable substantial construction, being, for example, 10 or 12 inches long and an inch or so in diameter. It is adapted to be inserted in the ground a sufficient distance to anchor the station securely against atmospheric disturbance as well as against displacement by inadvertent contact by persons or animals.

Post 10 mounts a shield or canopy, indicated generally at 16. This is a convexly cupped member preferably having an umbrella-like contour. It may be variously dimensioned, but in a typical situation it may be from 8 to 12 inches in diameter. It preferably is made integrally from molded plastics of various colors. The stations thus lend a decorative effect to the lawns and gardens in which they are used.

Shield 16 overlies a ground area 18 on which are placed a plurality of pellets 20 of the selected food or poison bait. Access to the pellets is afforded through one or more openings 22 in the peripheral margin of the shield. For convenience and decorative effect, these may be arranged to advantage as a scalloped margin.

Shield 16 has in its top an opening 24 sized to afford access to the interior. The opening is sealed by means of a removable cover 26. This has an opening 28 in its central portion, by means of which the cover is slidably mounted on post 10. An O-ring 30 is mounted in an annular recess in opening 28. It serves primarily as a frictional retainer, enabling shifting the cover between its full line closed position and its dotted line open position, and maintaining it secured in such positions as desired.

As outlined previously, it is a primary function of the presently described bait station to collect, store and dispense the water required to moisten bait pellets 20 and maintain them optimally effective.

To this end there is provided a reservoir, indicated generally at 32. This also may be formed of a single piece of cast or molded plastic which for convenience and economy of manufacture preferably is integrated with shield 16.

Reservoir 32 includes an inner wall 34 which is annular in outline and defines a central opening dimensioned for a sliding fit on post 10. It is the means by which the shield and reservoir are removably mounted on the post. The upper margin of wall 34 has a beveled edge 36 designed to guide rain and sprinkler water which may seep around the margin or cover 26 into the interior of the reservoir.

Reservoir 32 is further defined by an outer wall 38. This is arranged concentrically with and spaced outwardly from inner wall 34 a distance sufficient to provide a reservoir of the desired capacity.

Reservoir 32 is open at its top. It is filled with water either by removing cover 26 and fitting it manually, or by means of sprinkler or rain water which falls in a natural manner on the top of the station and from time to time replenishes the supply of water in the reservoir.

To enable filling the reservoir in the latter manner, there are provided in the outer surface of shield 16 a plurality of recesses 40. These collect rain and sprinkler water. They also serve as finger openings by means of which cover 26 may be lifted up.

A downwardly sloping duct 42 interconnects each of finger recesses 40 with the interior of reservoir 32. The water collected in the reservoir is dispensed through a plurality of small ducts 44 located at the extreme bottom of the reservoir and extending radially outwardly. These in effect are tiny capillaries which transmit a small amount of water to bait pellets 20, either directly or by moistening the ground on which the pellets rest. It will be noted that the bases of outer wall 38 of the reservoir preferably are thickened with a flange to assist in accomplishing this function.

Further to assist in dispensing the water in a restricted flow through ducts 44, there is seated in the bottom of reservoir 32 a cellular member or sponge 46. This partially seals off ducts 44 and materially restricts the flow of water therethrough to a minute amount sufficient to moisten the soil and the bait pellets, but insufficient to waste the water and leach out the active principals from the pellets.

An alternative means of accomplishing this function is illustrated in Fig. 3. In this form of the invention, a wick 48 is pressed into each of ducts 44. It is sufficiently long to extend to the pelletized area of the ground and through capillary action dispenses water thereto.

The manner of use of the herein described bait station is evident from the foregoing.

The station is located in a garden or lawn area where slugs and snails are prevalent. The pellets are placed on the ground in the predetermined pattern. Stake 10 is inserted through the central opening of reservoir 32 and cover 26. It then is inserted in the ground in such a manner as to cover the pellets with shield 16. The margins of the shield are either pressed against the ground or closely spaced therefrom. Openings 22 in the margins provide access to the slugs, snails or other molluscs. Children and small animals, however, are prevented from reaching the poison pellets.

Reservoir 32 may be filled with water manually upon lifting cover 26. In the alternative or additionally, it is filled from time to time with sprinkler or rain water. Such water is collected in recesses 40 and travels through sloping ducts 42 into the reservoir.

The accumulated water is dispensed in a restricted flow through dispensing ducts 44 at the bottom of the reservoir. The flow is controlled in the Fig. 1 embodiment by sponges 46 and in the Fig. 3 embodiment by wicks 48. In either case, moisture is transferred to the ground in amount sufficient to moisten pellets 20 and keep them in their optimum state of activity without leaching formaldehyde or other active principles from them.

WHAT I CLAIM IS:—

1. A bait station for slugs, snails and the like, comprising

(a) a protective hollow shield having an irregular peripheral margin facing the ground and providing openings therebetween large enough to pass slugs, snails and other molluscs attracted by bait placed on the ground area underlying the shield, and

(b) a water reservoir secured to the shield and extending downward centrally within the shield, the reservoir having

water outlet passageway means therethrough adjacent its lower end for dispensing water therefrom in a restricted flow sufficient to activate the bait but insufficient to destroy its effectiveness,

(c) the shield having water inlet passageway means therethrough communicating with the reservoir for filling water into the latter.

2. A bait station as claimed in claim 1 including water absorbent material blocking the outlet passageway means in the reservoir for restricting the water flow therefrom.

3. A bait station as claimed in claim 1 or 2 including water trap means in the shield communicating with the inlet passageway means for trapping rain and sprinkler water for filling into the reservoir through the inlet passageway means.

4. A bait station as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein the shield includes an upper central cover section displaceable from the surrounding portion of the shield and removably covering the reservoir.

5. A bait station as claimed in claim 1, 2, 3 or 4 including a central post extending downward from the reservoir for penetration into the ground.

6. A bait station as claimed in claim 5 wherein the central post extends upward removably through the center of the shield and reservoir, and sealing means is interposed between the reservoir and post.

7. A bait station as claimed in claims 4 and 5 wherein the central post extends upward through the displaceable central cover section of the shield for relative displacement thereof, and friction means interengages said post and central cover section for frictionally resisting said relative displacement, for adjusting the central cover section between open and closed positions.

8. A bait station for slugs, snails and the like, comprising:

(a) a support post means,

(b) a protective shield supported on the post means,

(c) the shield when supported by the post means being adapted to overlie a ground area having placed thereon a predetermined pattern of bait,

(d) at least some segments of the peripheral margin of the shield being spaced from the ground sufficiently to permit entrance and egress of slugs, snails and other molluscs attracted by the bait,

(e) a water reservoir means having an upper opening for filling with water and lower drain openings for dispensing the water in a restricted flow sufficiently to activate the bait but insufficient to destroy its effectiveness, and

(f) water trap means in the top of the shield designed to trap rain and sprinkler water, and duct means intercon-

necting the trap means and reservoir means.

5 9. A bait station constructed and arranged and adapted to operate substantially as hereinbefore particularly described with reference to and as illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2 of the accompanying drawings.

10. A bait station constructed and arranged and adapted to operate substanti-

ally as hereinbefore particularly described 10 with reference to and as illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2 where modified in accordance with Fig. 3 of the accompanying drawings.

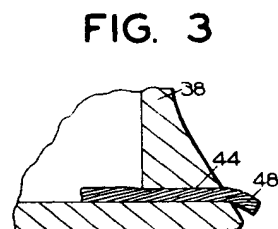
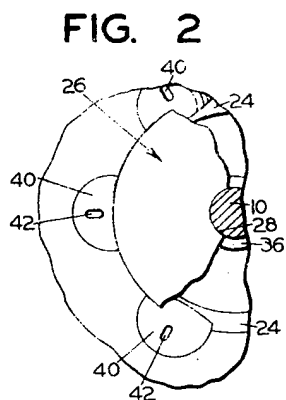
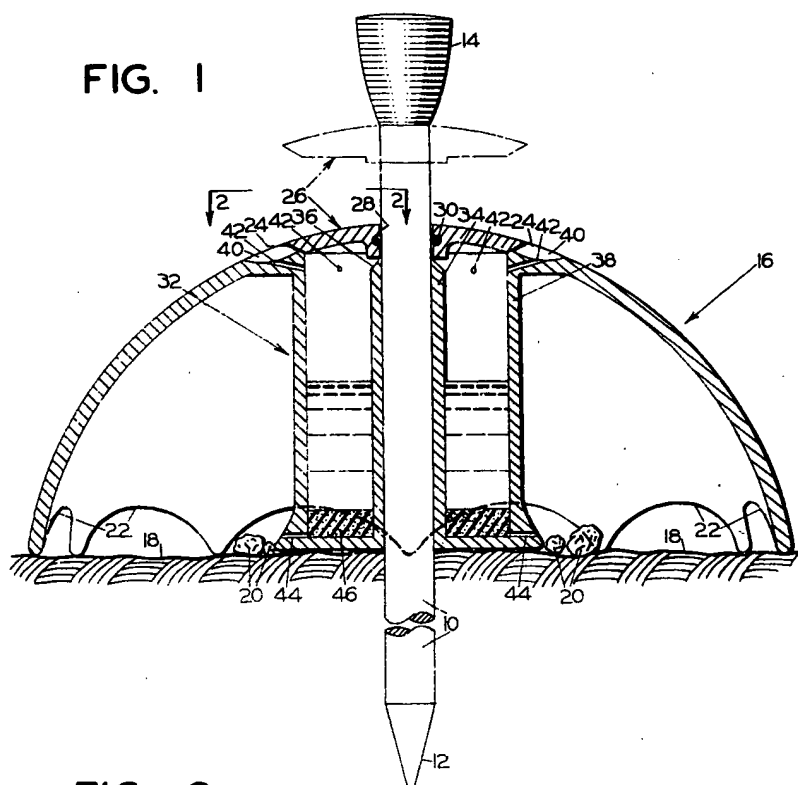
W. P. THOMPSON & CO.,
Coopers Buildings, 12 Church Street,
Liverpool, L1 3AB.
Chartered Patent Agents.

Printed for Her Majesty's Stationery Office by Burgess & Son (Abingdon), Ltd.—1975.
Published at The Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, WC2A 1AY
from which copies may be obtained.

1402404

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

1 SHEET

*This drawing is a reproduction of
the Original on a reduced scale*

This Page Blank (uspto)